

Criteria for in-year budget allocations to schools to meet unavoidable costs arising from the Key Stage 1 class size regulations that limit classes to no more than 30 pupils per teacher

The Growth Fund shall include funding for an allocation to those schools that experience unavoidable costs arising from the Key Stage 1 class size regulations that are not resourced through the Funding Formula.

Numbers in reception, Year 1 and Year 2 will be collected termly from the relevant school census to determine the total number of pupils in each school affected by the relevant Regulations. Where the aggregate number of pupils does not equate to a multiple of 30, additional resources will be added at the amount required to cover the cost of appointing a teacher on Main scale Point 6 – salary and employer on-costs - for the relevant period, after taking account of the minimum funding delivered through the Funding Formula. The minimum amount of per pupil funding delivered through the BF Funding Formula is based on the Minimum Per Pupil Funding amount (MPPFL) as determined by the Department for Education. The MPPFL calculation includes all funding delegated to schools through the BF Funding Formula with the exception of business rates. Funding will be added on a “missing pupil” basis.

The allocated funding may need to be scaled if demand significantly exceeds the budget allocation, with final decisions to be determined each year by the Schools Forum.

An illustration of the funding calculation is as follows which would need to be updated each year to reflect budget decisions and the cost of employing a teacher (all units of resource are based on values at the start of 2021-22 financial year):

- a. The per pupil funding rate is assumed to be the Minimum per pupil funding rate for 2021-22 this is £4,180 (A)
- b. The cost of a teacher on Main scale Point 6 – salary and employer on-costs - is £51,500 (B)
- c. To have sufficient income from the Funding Formula to employ a teacher, a school needs $£51,500 (B) / £4,180 (A) = 13$ pupils (C)
- d. The Funding Formula therefore provides sufficient funding to appoint a teacher provided there are 13 pupils. The maximum top-up funding a school can receive is for 12 ‘missing’ pupils (C)
- e. Therefore where the actual number on roll exceeds a multiple of 30 compared to the number on roll funded in the original budget the school would be entitled to top-up funding if this is below 13
- f. Funding will be added, pro rata per term, for each missing pupil
The attached Annex sets out funding top-up rates, based on the cost of employing a teacher at £51,500 and the BF Funding Formula delivers sufficient funding to appoint a teacher provided there are 13 pupils above the 30 multiples. These factors and amounts are subject to annual re-calculation.

Children admitted **in-year** as an “excepted pupil” in accordance with The School Admissions (Infant Class Sizes) (England) Regulations 2012, or other relevant legislative requirement will not be included in the calculation for top up funding as they will not impact on the need to recruit a teacher. The exclusion will apply for the full period the child is on roll at the school to the end of Key Stage 1.

“Excepted pupils” currently include those that are admitted to the school outside a normal admission round:

- as a result of the local authority specifying the school in the child’s statemented;
- are looked after;
- were in error initially refused admission;
- are from a service family.

“Excepted pupils” on the roll of a school at the October census will generate per pupil funding for a school in the next budget. These funds will be taken into account in any top up funding calculations.

Separate calculations will be made each term, based on data obtained from the relevant census.

Exceptions:

There are two exceptions to the general rule set out above:

1. In order to avoid double funding, a school will not be eligible for Key Stage 1 class size funding in the autumn and spring terms where the school has qualified of an in-year growth allowance for these pupils.
2. When a school is funded on the basis of estimated actual costs, which is ordinarily a new school or one that opens additional forms of entry during a financial year, it will not be entitled to any top up funding from the Key Stage 1 class size contingency, provided funds for the additional costs that will arise are allocated from an alternative source.

Approved by the Schools Forum on 15 July 2021